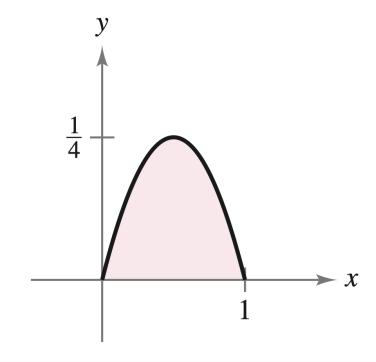
How is the definite integral used to compute areas between curves?

Quick Check

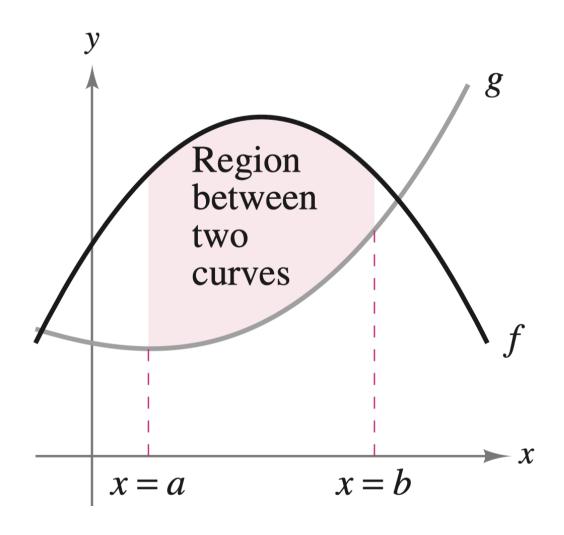
Find the area of the shaded region.

$$y = x - x^2$$

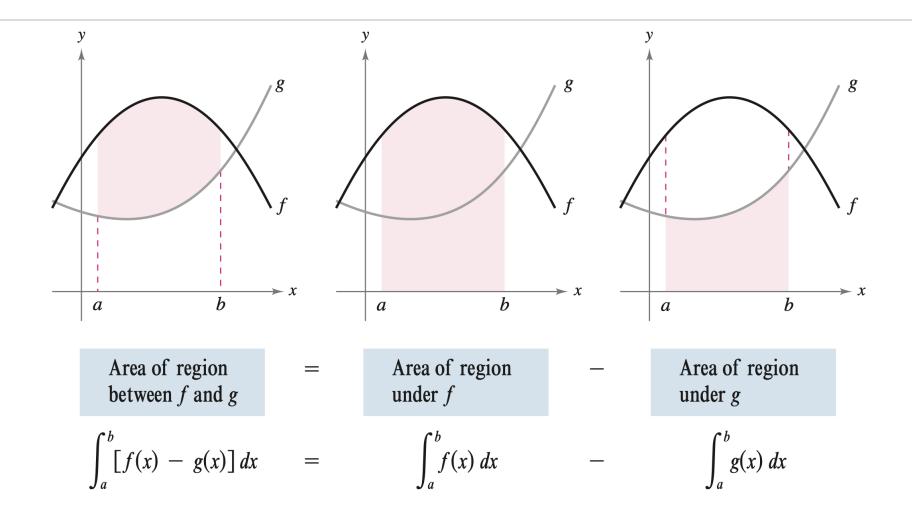


Area between two curves

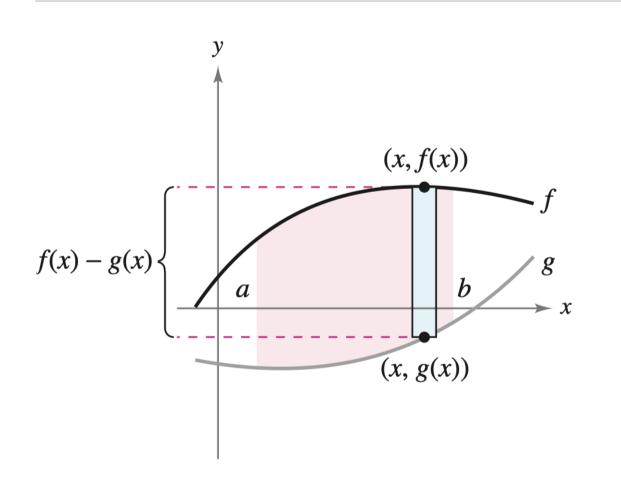
Explain how you could find the area of the highlighted region between the two curves shown below.

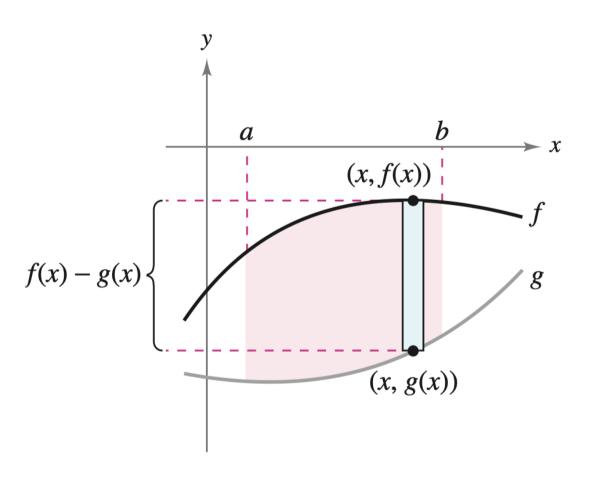


Idea



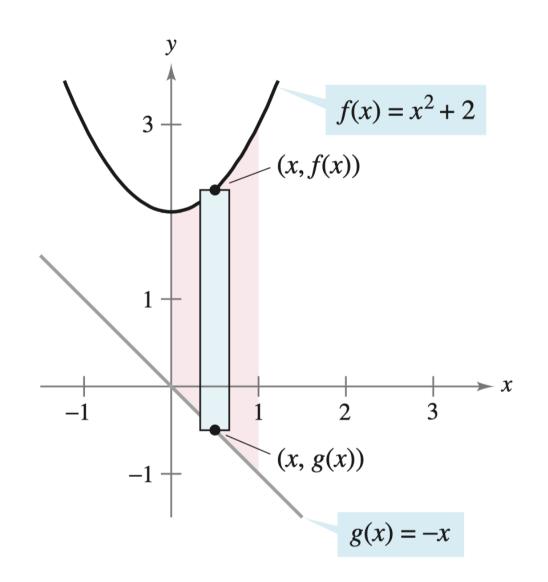
Idea





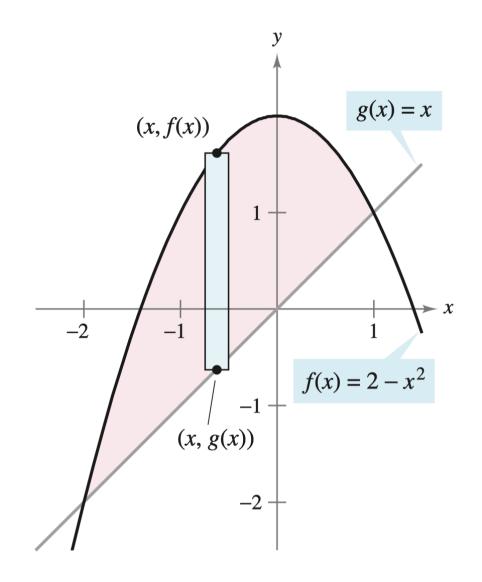
Finding the Area of a Region Between Two Curves

Find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of $y=x^2+2$, y=-x, x=0, and x=1.



A Region Lying Between Two Intersecting Graphs

Find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of $f(x)=2-x^2$ and g(x)=x.



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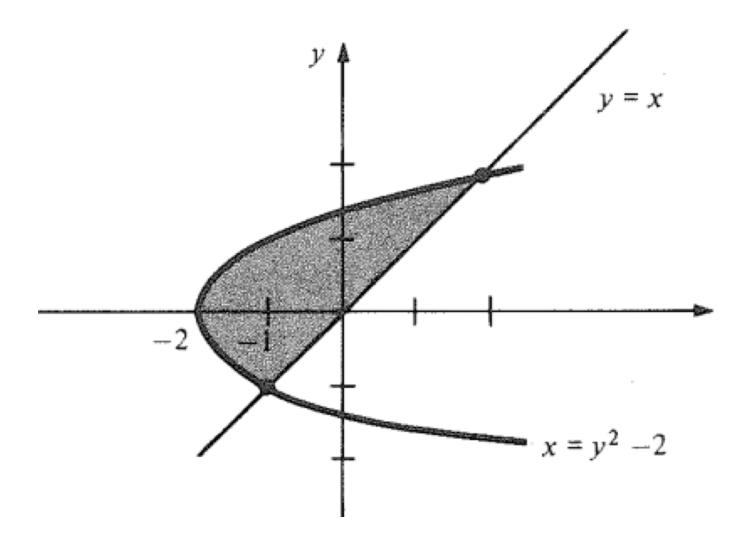
Curves That Intersect at More Than Two Points

Find the area of the region between the graphs of $f(x)=3x^3-x^2-10x$ and $g(x)=-x^2+2x.$

With respect 🙏 to y



Find the area between the graphs of $x=y^2-2$ and y=x.



Summary (Continue with practice on handout)

To find areas between curves



$$A = \int_{x_1}^{x_2} \left[(\text{top curve}) - (\text{bottom curve}) \right] dx$$
 Vertical rectangles in variable x

$$A = \int_{y_1}^{y_2} \left[\text{(right curve)} - \text{(left curve)} \right] dy$$
in variable y

Horizontal rectangles

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